

The background is a dark blue gradient with a subtle pattern of white dots. On the left side, there are several overlapping circular elements. One prominent feature is a large circular scale with tick marks and numbers ranging from 140 to 260. Other circles contain curved lines and arrows, suggesting motion or data flow.

# HI DATA AND ANALYSIS TOOLS

DAN HESLOP

FEATURING JORDAN LASUIK

# HI Data and Analysis Tools

- Review: HI 21cm Line Generation
- Signal Detection
- Signal Processing
- Data
- Dynamical Mass
- References

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# HI 21cm Line Generation

- Cool HI gas emits at radio wavelengths
- Radio waves can penetrate the dusty disk of a galaxy
- Observing spectral lines allows calculation of gas velocity

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# Signal Detection – The Basics

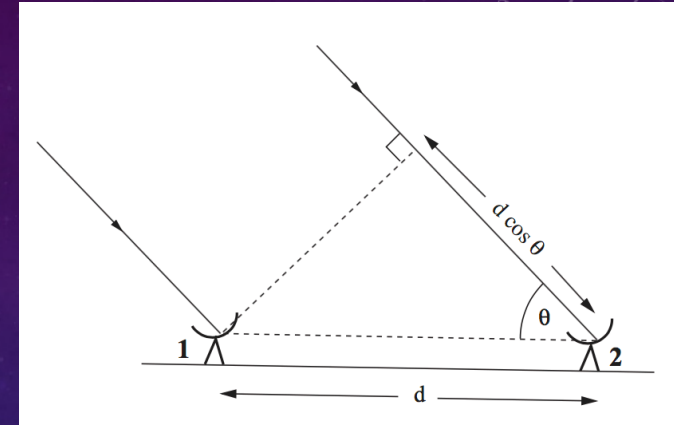
- Signals are detected using radio telescopes
- Single telescope or array of multiple antennas
- One dish results in a global HI intensity profile
- An array (interferometer) results in much higher resolution



John A. Galt Telescope at DRAO

# Signal Detection – Architecture

- More antennas = better coverage
- Resolution is directly correlated to baseline length
- Array layout determines coverage pattern
- Straight line array allows full coverage in a 12hr period



2-antenna interferometer [S&G pg. 207]



VLA in New Mexico

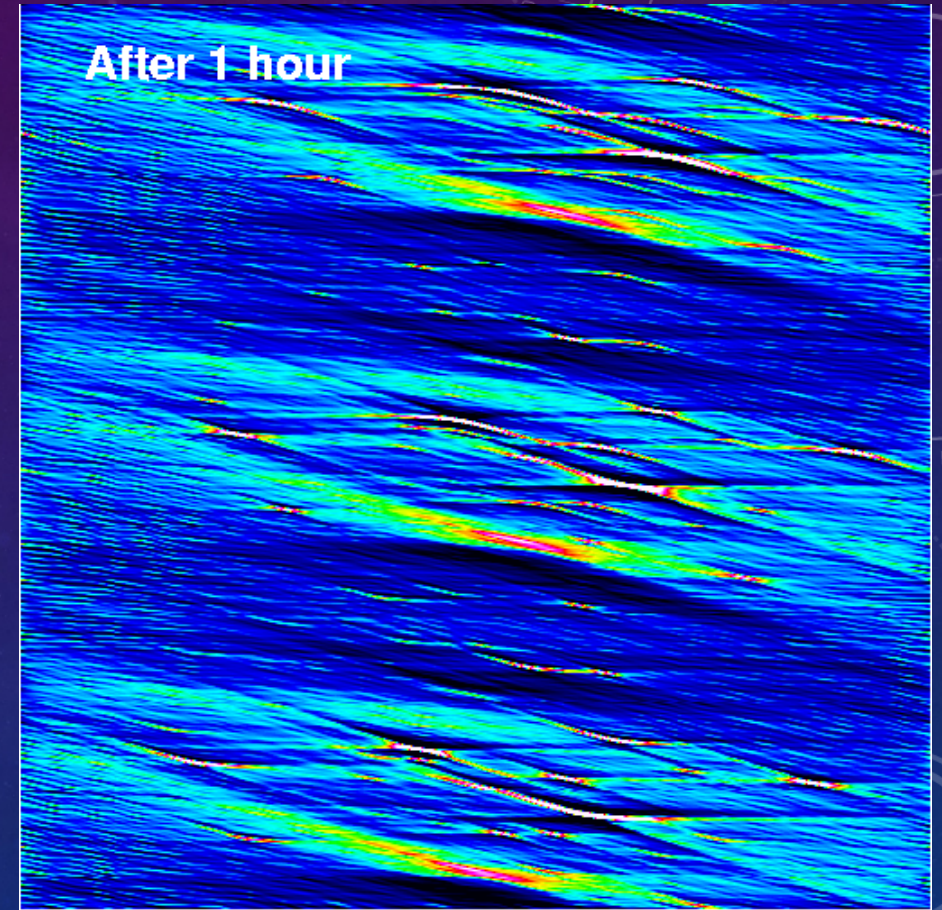
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# Signal Processing

- Signal from the antennas is processed in a correlator
- The interference fringes are fourier transformed onto the plane of the sky
- Take the Radio Astronomy course for more



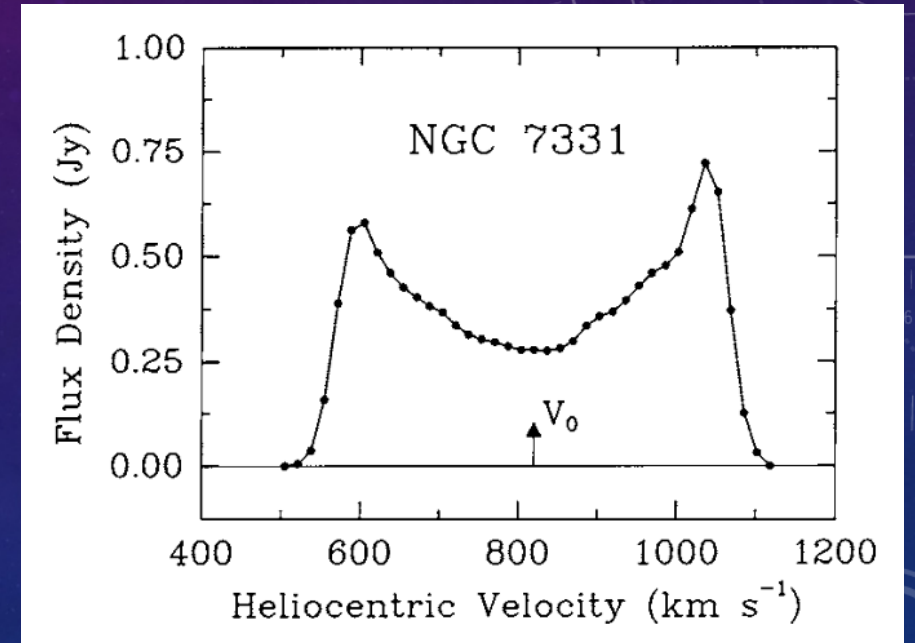
Assembling radio synthesis data

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# Data – Hardware Matters!

- Single dish catches all signal from the target
- This gives a global HI intensity profile (Double Horn)
- Array (interferometer) gives a much higher resolution
- ‘Full Synthesis’ interferometer is best



Double Horn global HI profile for NGC 7331  
[S&G pg. 220]

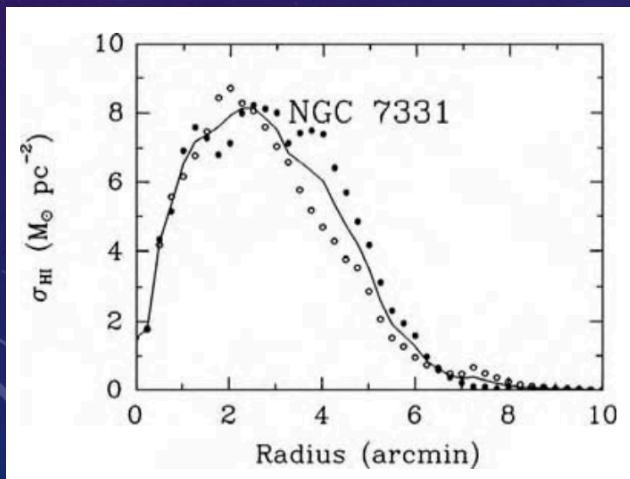
# Data – Putting It All Together

- Each channel of data results in a Channel Map
- We can combine these Channel Maps to get more maps
  - Moment Maps
  - Velocity Field Maps
  - Position-Velocity diagram

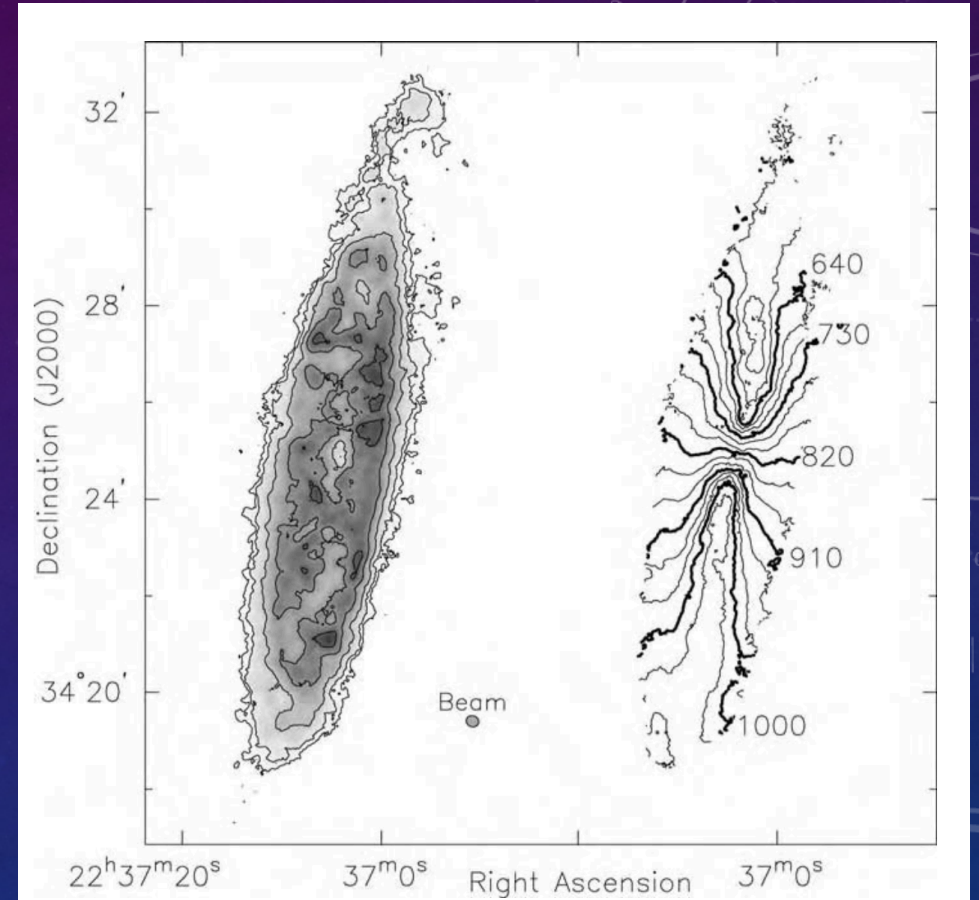
(Prof's note: Examples were given on data of NGC 3198 using the KARMA visualization suite. )

# Data – Moment Maps

- 'Moment Zero' Map gives  $N_{\text{HI}}$  (column density)
- Summing globally gives gas mass
- We also get density vs. radius



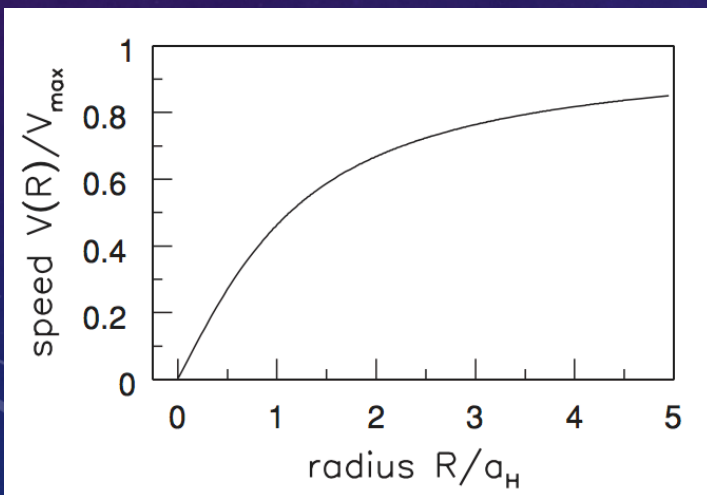
Density vs. radius  
[S&G pg. 211]



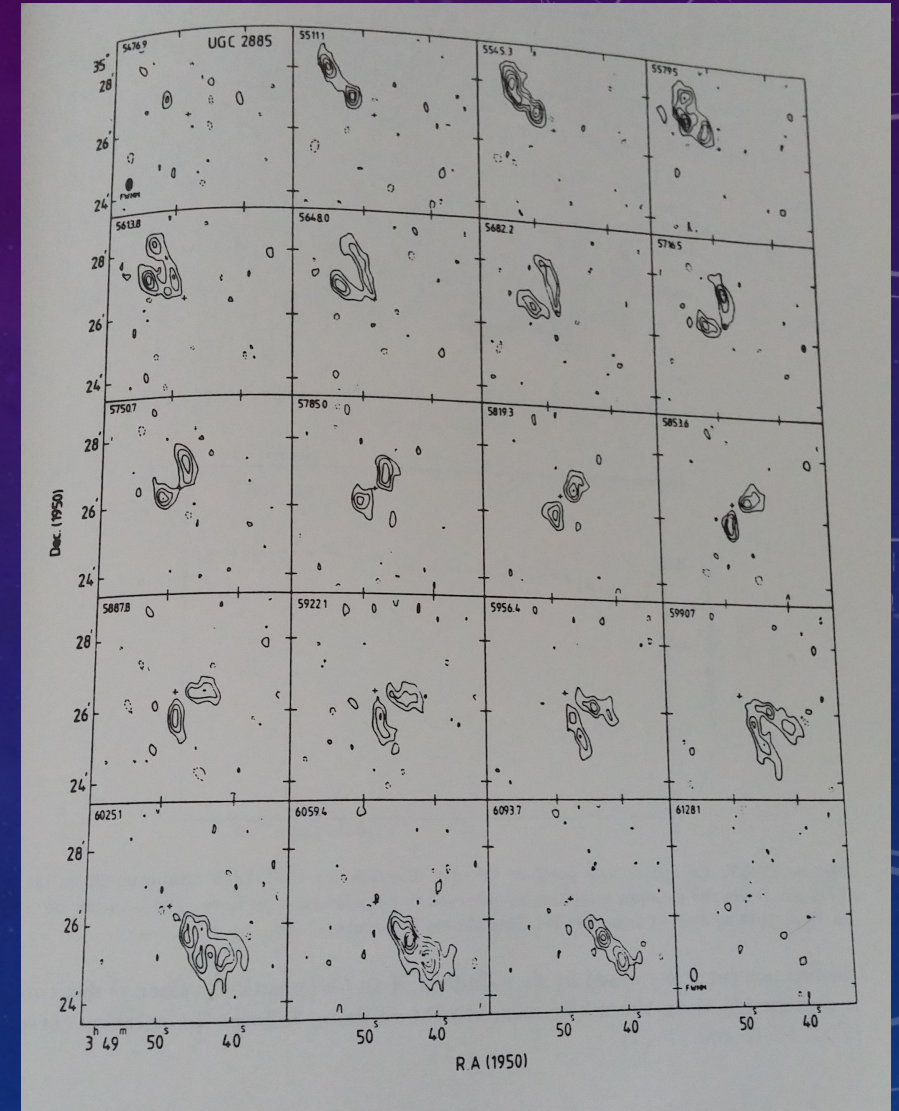
NGC 7331 Moment zero map (left) and velocity field map (right) – Data from VLA [S&G pg. 210]

# Data – Velocity Field Maps

- ‘First Moment’ Map gives gas velocity
- From this we can get the rotation
- Results in ‘butterfly’ pattern channel maps



Example rotation curve based on velocity profile [S&G pg. 216]



Velocity field channel maps of UGC 2885 [Van Gorkom & Ekers pg. 337]

# HI Data and Analysis Tools

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- Signal Processing
- Data
- **Dynamical Mass**
- References

# Dynamical Mass

- Do we really need a slide for this?

$$\frac{V^2(R)}{R} = \frac{GM(<R)}{R^2}$$

Dynamical Mass equation  
[S&G pg. 215]



# Dynamical Mass

- Do we really need a slide for this?



$$\frac{V^2(R)}{R} = \frac{GM(<R)}{R^2}$$

Dynamical Mass equation  
[S&G pg. 215]

# References – “I Would Like to Thank the Academy...”

- Galaxies in the Universe: An Introduction 2ed. (Sparke & Gallagher)
- Synthesis Imaging in Radio Astronomy (Van Gorkom & Ekers)
- Galactic Astronomy: Structure and Kinematics (Mihalas & Binney)
- Essential Radio Astronomy (Condon & Ransom)
- ALMA website: [alma.mtk.nao.ac.jp/e/index.html](http://alma.mtk.nao.ac.jp/e/index.html)
- DRAO website: [www.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/eng/solutions/facilities/drao.html](http://www.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/eng/solutions/facilities/drao.html)
- NRAO website: [public.nrao.edu](http://public.nrao.edu)
- NED Level 5: [ned.ipac.caltech.edu/level5/](http://ned.ipac.caltech.edu/level5/)
- Some Grumpy Cat picture from a Google search
- Dr. English

# ~~Bored~~ Board Equations...

(Prof's note:  $N_{\text{HI}}$  can be converted to hydrogen gas mass. See previous lecture.)

$$N_{\text{HI}} = 1.82 \times 10^{22} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dv T_z(v) \left[ \text{atoms}/\text{m}^2 \right]$$

Column Density (From Jordan's presentation)

$$V_r(R, i) = V_{\text{sys}} + V(R) \sin(i) \cos(\phi)$$

Systemic Velocity equation (S&G eqn. 5.5)

# Craft Time!



Congratulations to Wolfgang who actually finished his! The extra decorations are in OPUS if anyone would like to bedazzle their antenna.