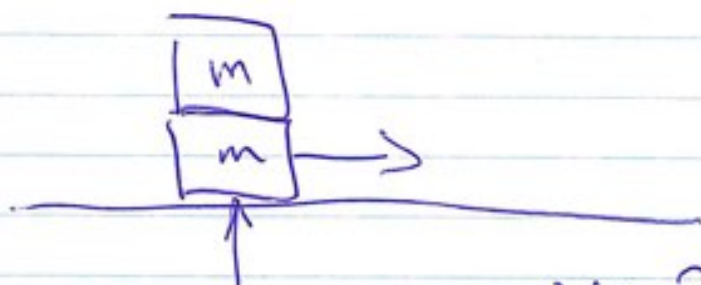


Friction model

(a)

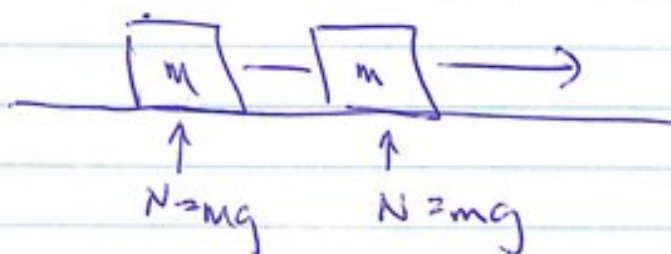


$$N = 2mg$$

$$f_{s, \max} = \mu_s N = \mu_s 2mg$$

$$f_k = \mu_k N = \mu_k 2mg$$

(b)

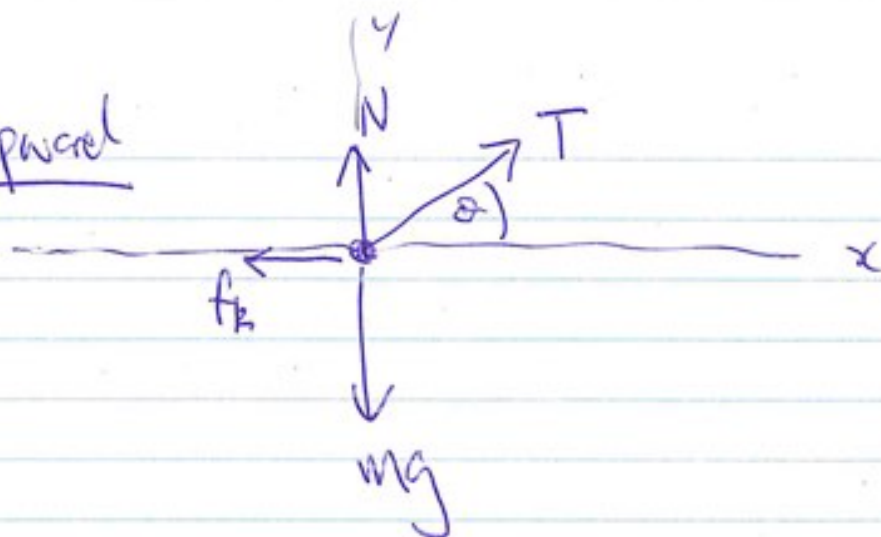


$$\text{Total } f_k = 2 \times \mu_k mg$$

f_k Same in both cases.

$\Rightarrow$ independent of shape of contact area

Pulling upward



$$\theta = 30^\circ$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0$$

$$= N + T \sin \theta - mg$$

$$\therefore N = mg - T \sin \theta$$

$$= 194 \text{ N}$$

$$f_k = \mu_k N$$

$$= 0.15 \times 194 \text{ N}$$

$$= 29.1 \text{ N}$$

$$\Sigma F_x = T \cos \theta - f_k = ma_x$$

$$\therefore a_x = \frac{T \cos \theta - f_k}{m}$$

$$= 4.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

Pushing downward



$$\Sigma F_y = N - F \sin \theta - mg = 0$$

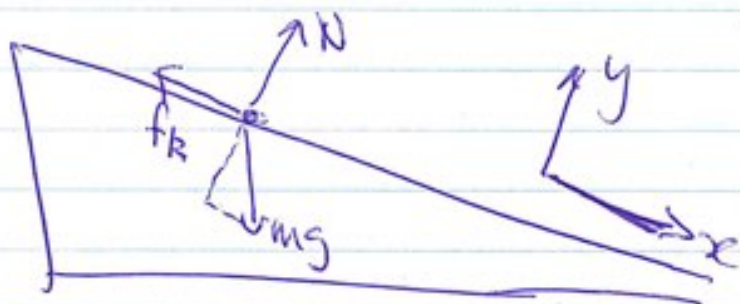
$$\therefore N = mg + F \sin \theta$$

$$= 394 \text{ N}$$

$$f_k = \mu_k N = 59.1 \text{ N}$$

$$m a_x = F \cos \theta - f_k$$

$$\therefore a_x = 3.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$



$$\sum F_x = mg \sin \theta - f_k = ma_x$$

$$\sum F_y = N - mg \cos \theta = 0$$

$$\therefore N = mg \cos \theta$$

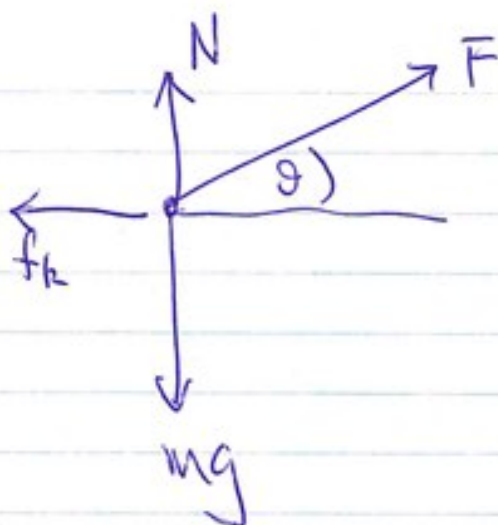
$$f_k = \mu_k N$$

$$= \mu_k mg \cos \theta$$

$$\text{If } a_x = 0, \quad mg \sin \theta = \mu_k mg \cos \theta$$

$$\therefore \mu_k = \tan \theta.$$

Optimal θ :

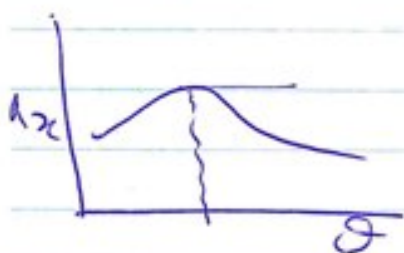


$$f_k = \mu_k N$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad N + F \sin \theta - mg = 0$$

$$\therefore N = mg - F \sin \theta$$

$$\sum F_x = F \cos \theta - \mu_k N = ma_x$$



$$\therefore a_x = \frac{F}{m} \cos \theta - \mu_k \left(g - \frac{F}{m} \sin \theta \right)$$

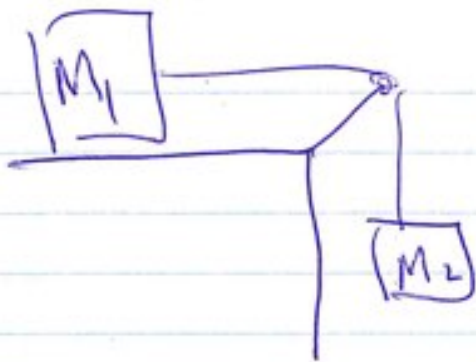
$$\frac{da_x}{d\theta} = -\frac{F}{m} \sin \theta + \mu_k \frac{F}{m} \cos \theta = 0$$

$$\therefore \mu_k \cos \theta = \sin \theta$$

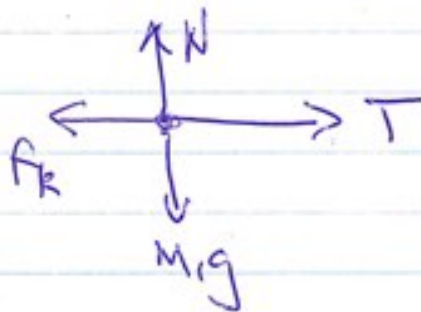
$$\therefore \mu_k = \tan \theta$$

$$\therefore \mu_k = 0.4 = \tan \theta$$

$$\therefore \theta = 21.8^\circ$$



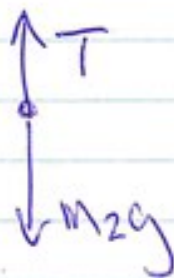
On m_1 :



$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow N = m_1 g$$

$$\sum F_x = T - \cancel{f_k} = T - \mu_k m_1 g = m_1 a_1$$

On m_2 :



$$T - m_2 g = m_2 a_2 = m_2 (-a_1)$$

$$\boxed{a_2 = -a_1}$$

$$T = m_1 (a_1 + \mu_k g) = m_2 (g - a_1)$$

$$m_2 g - m_2 a_1 = m_1 a_1 + m_1 \mu_k g$$

$$\therefore (m_1 + m_2) a_1 = m_2 g - \mu_k m_1 g$$

Alternative: Consider system $(m_1 + m_2)$



$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma F &= m_2 g - \mu_k m_1 g \\ &= (m_1 + m_2) a \quad a \text{ to "right"} \end{aligned}$$

Same as previously.

Internal forces have not effect
on system as a whole.